

# POWER SUPPLY TOPOLOGIES

TYPE OF CONVERTER	Buck (Step Down)	Multi-phase Buck (two-phase example)	Boost (Step Up)	Buck - Boost (Step Down/Up)	SEPIC (Step Down/Up)	CUK (Step Up/Down)	Forward	Flyback	Push-Pull	Two-Switch Forward	Half Bridge	Full Bridge
<b>CIRCUIT CONFIGURATION</b>												
<b>IDEAL TRANSFER FUNCTION</b>	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S} = D$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S} = D$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \frac{T_S}{T_S - t_{ON}} = \frac{1}{1-D}$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \left( \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S - t_{ON}} \right) = \left( \frac{D}{1-D} \right)$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \frac{D}{1-D}$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = - \left( \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S - t_{ON}} \right) = - \left( \frac{D}{1-D} \right)$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S} \right) = \frac{N_2}{N_1} D$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S - t_{ON}} \right) = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( \frac{D}{1-D} \right)$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = 2 \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S} \right) = 2 \frac{N_2}{N_1} D$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S} \right) = \frac{N_2}{N_1} D$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S} \right) = \frac{N_2}{N_1} D$	$\frac{V_O}{V_{IN}} = 2 \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( \frac{t_{ON}}{T_S} \right) = 2 \frac{N_2}{N_1} D$
<b>PEAK DRAIN CURRENT*</b>	$I_{D_{MAX}} = I_{RL} + \frac{\Delta I_{L1}}{2}$	$I_{D1_{MAX}} = I_{D2_{MAX}} = \frac{I_{RL}}{2} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$	$I_{D_{MAX}} = I_{RL} \left( \frac{1}{1-D} \right) + \frac{\Delta I_{L1}}{2}$	$I_{D_{MAX}} = I_{RL} \left( \frac{1}{1-D} \right) + \frac{\Delta I_{L1}}{2}$	$I_{D_{MAX}} = I_1 + I_{RL} + \frac{\Delta I_{L1} + \Delta I_{L2}}{2}$	$I_{D_{MAX}} = I_1 + I_2 = I_1 \left( \frac{1}{D} \right)$	$I_{D_{MAX}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( I_{RL} + \frac{\Delta I_{L1}}{2} \right) + \hat{I}_{MAG}$ ( $\hat{I}_{MAG}$ = Peak magnetizing current.)	$I_{D_{MAX}} = I_{RL} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \left( \frac{1}{1-D} \right) + \frac{\Delta I_{L1}}{2}$	$I_{D_{MAX}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( I_{RL} + \frac{\Delta I_{L1}}{2} \right) + \hat{I}_{MAG}$ ( $\hat{I}_{MAG}$ = Peak magnetizing current.)	$I_{D_{MAX}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( I_{RL} + \frac{\Delta I_{L1}}{2} \right) + \hat{I}_{MAG}$ ( $\hat{I}_{MAG}$ = Peak magnetizing current.)	$I_{D_{MAX}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( I_{RL} + \frac{\Delta I_{L1}}{2} \right) + \hat{I}_{MAG}$ ( $\hat{I}_{MAG}$ = Peak magnetizing current.)	$I_{D_{MAX}} = \frac{N_2}{N_1} \left( I_{RL} + \frac{\Delta I_{L1}}{2} \right) + \hat{I}_{MAG}$ ( $\hat{I}_{MAG}$ = Peak magnetizing current.)
<b>PEAK DRAIN VOLTAGE*</b>	$V_{DS} = V_{IN} + V_D$	$V_{DS} = V_{IN} + V_D$	$V_{DS} = V_O + V_D$	$V_{DS} = V_{IN} + V_O + V_D$	$V_{DS} = V_O + V_{IN} + V_D$	$V_{DS} =  V_O  + V_{IN} + V_D$	$V_{DS} = V_{IN} \left( 1 + \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right)$	$V_{DS} = V_{IN} + \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) (V_{OUT} + V_D)$	$V_{DS} = 2V_{IN}$	$(Q1 \text{ or } Q2) \quad V_{DS} = V_{IN} = V_{D1}$	$V_{DS} = V_{IN}$	$V_{DS} = V_{IN}$
<b>AVERAGE DIODE CURRENTS*</b>	$I_{CR1} = I_{RL}(1-D)$	$I_{CR1} = I_{CR2} = \frac{I_{RL}}{2}(1-D)$	$I_{CR1} = I_{RL}$	$I_{CR1} = I_{RL}$	$I_{CR1} = I_{RL}$	$I_{CR1} = I_1 + I_2$ $I_1 + I_2 = I_1 \left( \frac{1}{D} \right) = \left( \frac{1}{1-D} \right) I_{RL}$	$I_{CR1} = \frac{\hat{I}_{MAG}}{2}(D)$ $I_{CR2} = I_{RL}(D)$ $I_{CR3} = I_{RL}(1-D)$	$I_{CR1} = I_{RL}$	$I_{CR1} = \frac{I_{RL}}{2}$ $I_{CR2} = \frac{I_{RL}}{2}$	$I_{CR1,AVE} = I_{CR2,AVE} = \frac{\hat{I}_{MAG} D}{2}$ $I_{CR3,AVE} = I_{RL} D$ $I_{CR4,AVE} = I_{RL}(1-D)$	$I_{CR3} = \frac{I_{RL}}{2}$ $I_{CR4} = \frac{I_{RL}}{2}$	$I_{CR5} = \frac{I_{RL}}{2}$ $I_{CR6} = \frac{I_{RL}}{2}$
<b>DIODE VOLTAGES*</b>	$V_{RM} = V_{IN}$	$V_{RM} = V_{IN}$	$V_{RM} = V_O$	$V_{RM} =  V_O  + V_{IN}$	$V_{RM} = V_O + V_{IN}$	$V_{RM} =  V_O  + V_{IN}$	$V_{RM} = \begin{cases} V_{CR1} = V_{IN} \left( 1 + \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \\ V_{CR2} = V_{IN} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \\ V_{CR3} = V_{IN} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \end{cases}$	$V_{RM} = V_{IN} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) + V_O$	$V_{RM} = \begin{cases} V_{CR1} = 2V_{IN} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \\ V_{CR2} = 2V_{IN} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \end{cases}$	$V_{CR1,PK} = V_{CR2,PK} = V_{IN}$ $V_{CR3} = V_{CR4} = \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) V_{IN}$	$V_{RM} = \begin{cases} V_{CR3} = V_{IN} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \\ V_{CR4} = V_{IN} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \end{cases}$	$V_{RM} = \begin{cases} V_{CR5} = 2V_{IN} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \\ V_{CR6} = 2V_{IN} \left( \frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \end{cases} \quad V_{CR1} = V_{IN} \\ V_{CR2} = V_{IN}$
<b>VOLTAGE AND CURRENT WAVEFORMS</b>												

\* For reliable operation, follow recommendations in data sheets and application notes. Continuous current mode shown.

## PWM Controllers

Intersil offers an extensive selection of switching regulator products for both isolated and non-isolated systems that provide optimum solutions across a wide range of cost vs. performance trade-off points. Intersil provides complete reference designs for specific applications, such as CPU power, as well as generalized designs that can be customized for specific requirements. A wide variety of single- and multiple-output controllers, including products with integrated MOSFETs and linear regulators, provide system designers with the flexibility to optimize power delivery in their systems.



## MOSFET Drivers

Intersil offers power MOSFET drivers for a wide array of high performance applications ranging from power supplies to motor drives.

### Power MOSFET Driver Features:

- Industry's highest-performance 80V and 100V MOSFET drivers
- Large family of high current, low side, and synchronous buck drivers
- All Intersil drivers feature fast propagation delays for use in multi-MHz power supplies

## Integrated DC/DC Switching Regulators

These "plug and play" solutions integrate PWM control, drivers, MOSFETs, and the pass elements along with all the protection and control functions (like soft start, OCP, UVLO & loop compensation) required for precise voltage regulation. The monolithic design of these parts provides a high efficiency compact solution, ideal for space saving applications. Intersil's switching regulator portfolio offers a broad selection of products with choices on switching frequency, output currents and packages. This family is fully supported with detailed application notes, iSIM (Intersil's simulation tool) and Eval boards.



## Intersil PWM Controllers and Drivers

### Buck Controllers

**Single Phase (External FETs)**  
ISL6420A  
ISL6439  
ISL6526/26A  
ISL6527/27A  
ISL8104/05/05A/06/07\*  
ISL8118

\* Coming Soon

### Single Phase (Multiple Output, External FETs)

ISL6440/41/42/43/44/45  
ISL8120\*  
**Multiphase (External FETs)**  
ISL8120\*  
ISL8101/02/03  
**Multiphase (External Driver and FETs)**  
ISL6558  
ISL6316  
ISL6564A

### Integrated DC/DC Switching Regulators

**Single Outputs**  
ISL6410/10A  
ISL8010/11/12/13/14\*  
EL7554/56  
ISL8502\*  
ISL8560\*  
**Multiple Outputs**  
ISL6455/55A  
ISL6542/426  
ISL8501\*

### Single-Ended Controllers (Boost, Buck-Boost, SEPIC, CUK, Forward, Flyback, Two-Switch Forward)

ISL6840/41/42/43/44/45  
ISL6721/22A/23A  
ISL6729  
ISL8401  
ISL8843  
ISL8840A/41A/42A/43A/44A/45A

### Current-Mode Double-Ended Controllers (Full Bridge, Push-Pull)

ISL6551  
ISL6741  
ISL6742  
ISL6744  
ISL6745  
ISL6752  
ISL6753

### Voltage-Mode Double-Ended Controllers (Half Bridge, Full Bridge)

ISL6740/40A  
ISL6742  
ISL6744  
ISL6745  
ISL6753

### MOSFET Drivers

ISL2110/11  
ISL6612B/13B/14B  
ISL6207/08/09  
ISL6700  
EL7202/12/22  
HIP2100/01  
HIP4080/81/82/83/86



www.intersil.com

1001 Murphy Ranch Road, Milpitas, CA 95035  
North America 1-888-INTERSIL  
International (01) 1-321-724-7143